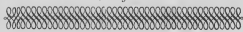


7 May 1823.



(Ireland.)

A

B I L L

To amend and render more effectual the Provisions of an Act, made in the 50th year of his late Majesty's reign, for preventing the administering and taking Unlawful Oaths in *Ireland*



WH ~~HEREAS~~ an Act was passed in the fiftieth year of the reign of his late Majesty King George the Third, intituled, "An Act for the more effectually preventing the administering or taking of unlawful Oaths in *Ireland*, and for protection of Magistrates and " Witnesses;" and it is expedient that the provisions of the said Act should be rendered more effectual;

50 G. 3.
c. 102. against
unlawful
oaths in
Ireland.

BE it therefore Enacted by The KING's most Excellent MAJESTY, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the Authority of the same, THAT from and after the any and every society, association, brotherhood, committee, lodge, club or confederacy whatsoever, now established or hereafter to be established in *Ireland*, of the nature hereinafter described, shall be and be deemed and taken to be, and is hereby declared to be an unlawful combination and confederacy; that is to say, any and every society, association, brotherhood, committee, lodge, club or confederacy, the members whereof shall, according to the rules thereof, or to any provision or agreement for that purpose, be required or admitted, or permitted to take any oath or engagement which shall be an unlawful oath or engagement within the intent and meaning of the said recited Act of the fiftieth year of his late Majesty's reign, or to take any oath not required or authorized by law; and any and every society, association, brotherhood, committee, lodge, club or confederacy, the members whereof or any of them shall take, or in any manner bind themselves by any such oath or engagement, upon becoming or in consequence of being members of such society, association

Societies
deemed un-
lawful, the
members of
which are re-
quired to
take oaths,
declared un-
lawful by
50 G. 3.
c. 102.

Having members, &c. not known to society at large.

Names of members whom shall not be entered

Acting in separate branches.

All present members acting, and all future members, declared guilty of unlawful combinations.

Offenders may be proceeded against before two Justices.

ciation, brotherhood, committee, lodge, club or confederacy; and any and every society, association, brotherhood, committee, lodge, club or confederacy, the members whereof shall take subscribe or assent to any test or declaration not required by law; and any and every society, association, brotherhood, lodge, club or confederacy, of which the names of the members, or any of them, shall be kept secret from the society at large, or which shall have any committee or select body chosen or appointed in such manner, that the members constituting the same shall not be known by the society at large to be members of such committee or select body, or which shall have any president, treasurer, secretary, delegate or other officer, chosen or appointed in such manner, that the election or appointment of such persons to such offices shall not be known to the society at large, or of which the names of all the members, and of all committees or select bodies of members, and of all presidents, treasurers, secretaries, delegates and other officers, shall not be entered in a book or books to be kept for that purpose, and to be open to the inspection of all the members of such society; and every society, association, brotherhood, lodge, club or confederacy, which shall be composed of different divisions or branches, or of different parts acting in any manner separately or distinct from each other, or of which any part shall have any separate or distinct president, secretary, treasurer, delegate, or other officer elected or appointed by or for such part, or to act as an officer for such part; and all such societies, associations, brotherhoods, committees, lodges, clubs and confederacies as aforesaid, are hereby declared to be unlawful combinations and confederacies; and every person, who at any time after

shall become a member of any such society, association, brotherhood, committee, lodge, club or confederacy as aforesaid, or who, being a member of any such society, association, brotherhood, committee, lodge, club or confederacy, at the passing of this Act, shall afterwards act as a member thereof; and every person, who after the

shall directly or indirectly maintain correspondence or intercourse with any such society, association, brotherhood, committee, lodge, club or confederacy, or with any division, branch, lodge, committee, or other select body, president, treasurer, secretary, delegate, or other officer or member thereof as such, or who shall by contribution of money, or otherwise, aid abet or support any such society, association, brotherhood, committee, lodge, club or confederacy, or any member or officer thereof as such, shall be deemed guilty of an unlawful combination and confederacy.

And be it further Enacted, That every person who at any time after the shall, in breach of any of the provisions thereof, be guilty of any such unlawful combination and confederacy, as in this Act is described, shall and may be proceeded against for such offence in a summary way, either before any Justices of the peace for the county, county of a city, or county of a town or place where such person

person shall happen to be, or by indictment, to be preferred in the county, county of a city, or county of a town or place in Ireland, wherein such offence shall be committed; and every person being convicted of any such offence, on the oath of one or more credible witness or witnesses, by such Justices as aforesaid, shall be by them committed to the common gaol or house of correction for such county, county of a city, or county of a town or place, there to remain without bail or mainprize for the term of calendar months, or shall be by such Justice or Justices adjudged to forfeit and pay the sum of pounds, British currency, as to such Justices shall seem meet; and in case such sum of money shall not be forthwith paid into the hands of such Justices, they shall, by warrant under their hands and seals, cause the same to be levied by distress and sale of the offenders goods and chattels, together with all costs and charges attending such distress and sale; and for want of sufficient distress shall commit such offender to the common gaol or house of correction of such county, county of a city, or county of a town or place as aforesaid, for any time not exceeding calendar months; and every person convicted of any such offence, upon indictment by due course of law, shall and may be transported for the term of years, in the manner provided by law for transportation of offenders, or shall and may be sentenced to imprisonment with hard labour, and shall be imprisoned for any time not exceeding years, as the court before whom such offender shall be tried shall think fit; and every such offender who shall be ordered to be transported or imprisoned, shall be subject and liable to all laws concerning offenders ordered to be transported or imprisoned.

Persons convicted before Justices may be imprisoned for three months, or fined 50*l*.

If convicted on indictment, offenders may be transported for seven years, or imprisoned for two years with hard labour.

Punishment.

Provided always, and be it Enacted, That it shall be lawful for the Justice or Justices of the peace, by or before whom any person shall, in pursuance of this Act, be convicted of any unlawful combination or confederacy, and such Justice or Justices is and are hereby authorized and empowered (if he or they shall see cause so to do) to mitigate and lessen the punishment hereinbefore directed to be inflicted upon any offender against this Act, so convicted as aforesaid, so as such punishment be not thereby reduced to less than of the punishment hereby directed to be inflicted as aforesaid, whether such punishment shall be by imprisonment or fine.

20 G. 3. c. 70. s. 9. Justices may mitigate punishment.

Provided also, and be it Enacted, That any person who shall be prosecuted before any Justice or Justices of the peace, in a summary way, for any offence against this Act, and shall be convicted or acquitted by such Justice or Justices, shall not afterwards be prosecuted, or be liable to be prosecuted, by indictment or otherwise, for the same offence; and so in like manner any person who shall be convicted or acquitted upon any indictment, for any offence against this Act, shall not afterwards

20 G. 3. c. 70. s. 10. Persons prosecuted either before a Justice or indicted, not liable to other prosecution.

be prosecuted, or be liable to be prosecuted, before any Justice or Justices of the peace, in a summary way, for the same offence.

29 G. 2. c. 79.
s. 25.
Offenders may
be indicted as
heretofore, if
not prosecuted
under this
Act.

Provided also, and be it Enacted, That nothing in this Act contained shall extend to prevent any prosecution by indictment or otherwise, for any thing which shall be an offence within the intent and meaning of this Act, and which might have been so prosecuted if this Act had not been made, unless the offender shall have been prosecuted for such offence under this Act, and convicted or acquitted of such offence; and that no person shall be prosecuted under this Act for having been before the passing of this Act a member of any society, association, brotherhood, committee, lodge, club or confederacy hereby declared to be an unlawful combination and confederacy, if such person shall not in any manner have acted as a member of such society, association, brotherhood, committee, lodge, club or confederacy, after the passing of this Act.

shall not be
prosecuted
under this
Act, in
members of
any existing
society, unless
they continue
to act as
members.

29 G. 2. c. 79.
s. 25.
Permitting
unlawful
meetings.

And be it further Enacted, That if any person shall knowingly permit any meeting of any society hereby declared to be an unlawful combination or confederacy, or of any division, branch or committee of such society, to be held in his or her house or apartment, such person shall for the first offence forfeit the sum of pounds, to be recovered in like manner as any other penalty under this Act; and shall for any such offence committed after the date of his or her conviction for such first offence, be deemed guilty of an unlawful combination and confederacy in breach of this Act.

Penalty.

Application
of Penalties.

And be it further Enacted, That all pecuniary penalties imposed by this Act shall be applied and disposed of in manner following; that is to say, thereof to the informer, and the thereof to His Majesty, His Heirs and Successors.

29 G. 2. c. 79
and 20 and
Schedule.

And be it further Enacted, That any Conviction by any Justice or Justices of the peace for unlawful combination and confederacy in pursuance of this Act, shall and may be in the form following; (that is to say,)

Form of
conviction.

M
to wit.

“ BE it Remembered, That on this day
“ of is the year of the
“ reign of A. B. of is duly con-
“ victed before us A. B. and C. D. two of His Majesty's Justices
“ of the peace for the county [city or town] of
“ in pursuance of an Act made in the fourth year of the reign
“ of King GEORGE the Fourth [set forth the title of this Act]; for
“ that the said A. B. after the passing of the said Act, to wit, on
“ the day of at
“ did contrary to the said Act, become a member of [or, as the
“ case may be, act as a member of, or maintain correspondence or
“ intercourse

"intercourse with, or by contribution of money, or otherwise
 "abet or support] a society [describing the society] which society
 "is an unlawful combination and confederacy within the intent
 "and meaning of the said Act: Wherefore we, the said A. B. and
 5 "C. D. do adjudge, that he the said A. B. do pay the sum of
 pounds [or, be imprisoned for the
 "space of] as a penalty for his offence
 "in pursuance of the said Act. Given under our hands and
 "seals, this day of in the
 10 "year of our Lord and in
 "the year of the reign of His Majesty.

29 G. 2. c. 78.
 s. 37.
 Limitation of
 Actions.

And be it further Enacted, That every action and suit which shall be
 brought or commenced against any Justice or Justices of the peace, con-
 stable, peace officer, or other person or persons, for any thing done
 15 or acted in pursuance of this Act, shall be commenced within
 calendar months next after the fact committed, and not afterwards; and
 the venue in every such action or suit shall be laid in the proper county
 where the fact was committed, and not elsewhere; and the defendant or
 defendants in every such suit or action shall and may plead the general
 20 issue, and give this Act and the special matter in evidence at any trial to be
 had thereupon; and if such action or suit shall be brought or commenced
 after the time limited for bringing the same, or the venue shall be laid in
 any other place than as aforesaid, then the jury shall find a verdict for the
 defendant or defendants; and in such case, or if the jury shall find
 25 a verdict for the defendant or defendants upon the merits, or if the
 plaintiff or plaintiffs shall become nonsuit, or discontinue his her or their
 action after appearance, or if, upon demurrer, judgment shall be given
 against the plaintiff or plaintiffs, the defendant or defendants shall have
 costs, which he or they shall and may recover in such
 30 and in the same manner as any defendant can by law in other cases.

General
 Issue.

Double Costs.

Provided also, and be it Enacted, That nothing herein contained shall
 extend to discharge any person in custody at the time of the passing of
 this Act, or who having been in custody at any time before the passing of
 this Act, shall have been discharged on bail or recognizance, from any
 35 prosecution which might have been had against such person if this Act
 had not been made.

29 G. 2. c. 73.
 s. 10.
 Persons in
 custody, or
 on bail, at
 passing Act
 still liable to
 prosecution.

4 Geo. IV.—Seas, 1823.

(Ireland.)

A

B I L L

To amend and render more effectual the Provisions of an Act, made in the sixth year of his late Majesty's reign, for preventing the administering and taking Unlawful Oaths in Ireland.

Ordered, by The House of Commons, to be Printed,
7 May 1823.